





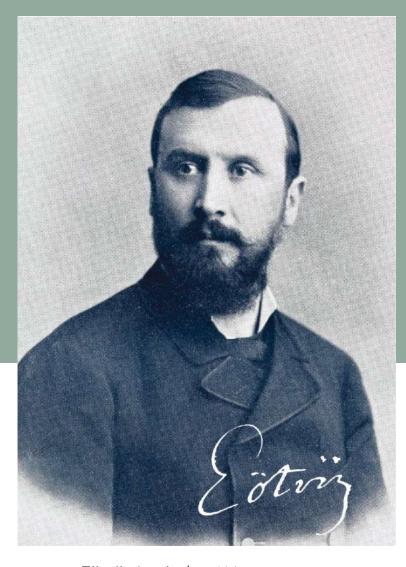
Who we are

Building the future – driven by heritage

The **Eötvös Loránd Research Network (ELKH) Secretariat** is an independent nonprofit public budgetary organization established on August 1, 2019. The ELKH Secretariat is under the supervision of the National Assembly, led by a 13-member independent Governing Body devoted exclusively to scientific research excellence while safeguarding academic freedom. The function of the Governing Body is supported by a Scientific Council and an International Advisory Board.

The **ELKH Secretariat** maintains the expansive research network funded from the central budget for purposes of carrying out scientific research.

The **ELKH Secretariat** builds on the rich legacy of Eötvös Loránd in articulating the multifaceted character of the collective wealth of knowledge accumulated in the research network over several decades.



In 1891, Eötvös Loránd and his colleagues founded the Hungarian Society for Mathematics and Physics

The newly formed organization was named after **Eötvös Loránd** (Baron Roland von Eötvös) (1848-1919) the preeminent Hungarian researcher and multidisciplinary scientist; physicist, geophysicist. He was the founding father of modern Hungarian science and research development policy who established conditions for the development of university-based innovations and technical education.

Eötvös Loránd is commemorated for his work on gravitation, his study of the equivalence of gravitational and inertial mass; the gravitational gradient on the Earth's surface; the surface tension of liquids, and the invention of the highly accurate torsion balance or Eötvös pendulum for gravimetry.

So, finally, we must be rest assured that science does not give the true explanation of natural phenomena, but only leads to the border where the elusive begins."

Eötvös, 1877

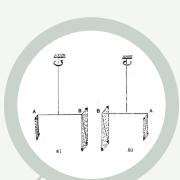
Eötvös Loránd's legacy of pushing boundaries



Eötvös unit

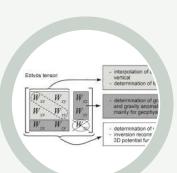
a unit for expressing horizontal gradients of gravity (geophysical prospecting) equal to 10⁻⁹ gal per horizontal centimeter. The symbol of the eötvös unit is E.





Eötvös parameter

is used to quantify a deviation from the Weak Equivalence Principle of two test bodies with different compositions (A and B), inertial mass m_p and gravitational mass m_g . The term is derived from the acclaimed Eötvös experiment



Eötvös-tensor

(gravity gradient tensor) measures the rate of change of the gravity vector in three perpendicular directions

$\left(\frac{M}{d}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\gamma = k(t_c - t - 6)$

Eötvös rule

or Law (capillarity) for the temperature dependence of a surface tension, where *k* is the Eötvös constant



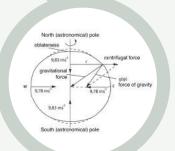
The device measures the direction of force of gravity and the change in the force of gravity's extent in the horizontal plane

Eötvös effect

is the change in perceived gravitational force caused by the change in centrifugal force resulting from eastbound or westbound velocity

Eötvös number

or Bond number characterizes the ratio of gravitational forces to the surface forces







Mission & Vision

Science is at the heart of our policy process

ELKH's vision

To endow ELKH as a forthcoming network of 'think tanks' for policymakers, addressing sustainable transformation while contributing to Hungary's prosperity.

ELKH's mission

- to acknowledge, foster and protect scientific freedom and promote research ethics and research integrity
- to strive for scientific excellence in basic and applied research in natural and life sciences, social sciences, and the humanities
- to efficiently operate the publicly funded research institute network with diversity, inclusivity and by equal opportunity
- to be at the forefront of scientific innovation that generates impact in key strategic and global sustainable areas
- to develop innovative and targeted research programs and policy
- to foster and advance partnerships internationally and regionally
- to strengthen synergies between education and research
- to evolve as a progressive, open and inspiring organization

Key Facts

ELKH Eötvös Loránd Research Network

16
Main Research
Network

10 Research Centre(s) 5 Research Institutes 1 Office 39

Research Institutes

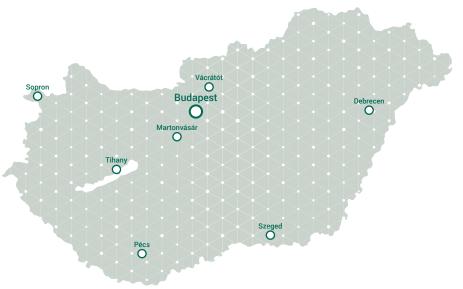
Research Institutes correlating to the 10 Research Centre(s) 150+

Research Groups

Research Groups affiliated with Universities or Public Institutions

- **220** patents
- **7 841** Scientific and Educational publications (2019)
- 19 Spin-offs
- **142** ongoing HORIZON 2020 Grants Awarded
- **57.71 M €**Annual Turnover (est. in 2020)
- **65-110** Employees at the ELKH Secretariat
- **4 872** Employees (3 033 Scientific Researchers) (2019)







Research for the challenges of our time

- Strengthening capacity, efficiency and linkages
- Interdisciplinary, international collaborations and projects
- Utilization of research results
- Facilitate scientific career building and future challenges of mobility for young researchers
- Effective R+I readiness for future crisis management in line with sustainable green recovery (EU Green Deal)

5 Research Institutes & 1 Office

Institute for Nuclear Research (ATOMKI)	Debrecen
Institute of Experimental Medicine (KOKI)	Budapest
Research Institute for Linguistics (NYTI)	Budapest
Alfréd Rényi Institute of Mathematics (RI)	Budapest
Institute for Computer Science & Control (SZTAKI)	Budapest
Office for Research Groups Attached to Universities and Other Institutions (TKI)	Budapest

10 Research Centre(s) & 39 Research Institutes



Centre for Agricultural	Institute for Veterinary Medical Research		
Research (ATK)	Agricultural Institute Plant Protection Institute		
Martonvásár / Budapest			
	Institute for Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry		
Research Centre for the Humanities (BTK) Budapest	Institute of Philosophy		
	Institute for Literary Studies		
	Institute of Art History		
	Institute of Ethnology		
	Institute of Archaeology		
	Institute of History		
	Institute of Musicology		
Research Centre for	Geographical Institute of Research		
Astronomy & Earth Sciences (CSFK)	Institute for Geological and Geochemical Research		
Sopron / Budapest	Geodetic and Geophysical Institute		
Sopron / Budapest	Konkoly Thege Miklós Astronomical Institute		
Centre for Energy	Institute for Atomic Energy Research		
Research (EK)	Institute for Energy Security and Environmental Safety		
Budapest	Institute for Technical Physics and Materials Science		
Centre for Economic &	Institute for Economics		
Regional Studies (KRTK)	Institute for Regional Studies		
Budapest / Pécs			
Badapest, 1 ess	Institute of World Economics		

Centre for Ecological	Balaton Limnological Institute		
Research (ÖK)	Danube Research Institute		
Tihany / Vácrátót / Budapest	Institute of Ecology and Botany		
/ Dudapest	Institute of Evolution		
Biological Research	Institute of Biophysics		
Centre (SZBK)	Institute of Biochemistry		
Szeged	Institute of Genetics		
	Institute of Plant Biology		
Centre for Social	Institute for Legal Studies		
Sciences (TK)	Institute for Minority Studies		
Budapest	Institute for Political Science		
	Institute for Sociology		
Research Centre for	Institute of Materials and Environmental Chemistry		
Natural Sciences (TTK)	Institute of Enzymology		
Budapest	Institute of Cognitive Neuroscience and Psychology		
	Institute of Organic Chemistry		
	Brain Imaging Center		
Wigner Research Centre	Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics		
for Physics (WIGNER FK)	Institute for Solid State Physics and Optics		
Budapest			

ELKH's Fields of Basic (Exploratory) and Applied Scientific Research





Natural Sciences: Mathematics; Computer and Information Sciences (AI, AV); Physical Sciences (Physics, Chemistry); Astronomy and Earth Sciences; Nuclear Physics and Atomic Energy Sciences; Materials Sciences; Biological Sciences; Biochemistry and Enzymology

Environmental and Life Sciences:

(Limnology, Ecology, Botany, Zoology, Virology); Agriculture Sciences (Chemistry); Plant Sciences; Soil Sciences; Crop Sciences; Atmospheric Sciences; Geo Sciences; Animal Sciences; Veterinary Sciences (Emerging Zoonotic Diseases)

Medical and Health Sciences:

Cognitive Science; Neuroscience; Pharmacology; Experimental Medicine; Veterinary Medicine; Biomedical Sciences; Medical Genetics Nanotechnology; Biomedical; Telemedicine; Microbiology Social Sciences: Economics; Philosophy; Sociology, Law; Political Sciences; Literary Studies; Art History; Ethnology; Archaeology; History, Musicology; Linguistics





HEALTH-RELATED DRUG RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT; MOLECULAR BIOLOGY; NEUROBIOLOGY; PSYCHOLOGY; ECOLOGY; CLIMATE CHANGE; AGRICULTURE; WASTE MANAGEMENT; ECONOMICS; HISTORY; THE HUMANITIES; LANGUAGE; ADVANCED STRUCTURAL MATERIALS; ENERGY; SPACE; QUANTUM SCIENCE AND NANOTECHNOLOGIES; DIGITALIZATION OF MANAGEMENT PROCESSES; MATHEMATICS; AI; MACHINE LEARNING; BIG DATA ANALYTICS; INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS; AVIATION INNOVATION AND HYDROGEN



Impact

International Rankings

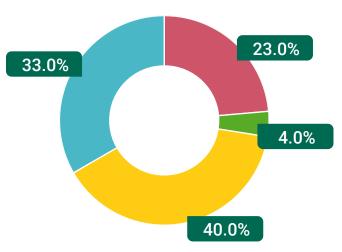
1 April, 2019 – 31 March, 2020

- Placed 395th in 2019
- Hungarian Academy of Sciences (HAS);
 Eötvös Loránd Research Network (ELKH)

Region: Global	Count	Share
Subject/Journal group: all	296	38.01

Subject	Count	Share
Chemistry	51	9.66
Physical Sciences	189	13.76
Earth & Environmental Sciences	14	1.46
Life Sciences	66	16.45

Outputs by subject (Share)





ELKH Secretariat

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www.elkh.org